MICHIGAN ECONOMIC INDICATORS

A monthly newsletter on key economic indicators prepared by the Senate Fiscal Agency.

ECONOMIC HIGHLIGHTS



NOTE: Beginning this month, the **North American Industrial Classification System** (**NAICS**) is used to categorize labor market data. As a result, many of the economic sectors reported have changed. Generally, more detail is available for components of the services sector. For some sectors, less detail is available, especially at the State level. Additionally, figures presented for 2003 are not comparable to 2002 data due to **changes in the surveys** used to estimate labor market information.

United States

- The final estimate for **inflation-adjusted Gross Domestic Product** (GDP) showed growth of 1.4% in the fourth quarter of 2002, up from the preliminary estimate of 0.7%. Despite the revision, growth in the fourth quarter was still substantially below the 4.0% growth reported during the third quarter. The slower growth during the fourth quarter reflected much slower growth in personal consumption expenditures and state and local government spending as well as declines in investment and exports that more than offset increases in Federal government spending. On an annual basis, inflation-adjusted GDP grew 2.4% in 2002, compared with 0.3% growth in 2001.
- Motor vehicle sales fell 4.5% from January to February, after declining 11.4% from December to January. February sales were 6.9% below the year-ago level. Compared with one year ago, sales of domestically produced autos were 8.6% lower while domestic light truck sales were 9.3% lower.
- The Consumer Price Index rose at an annual rate of 7.5% in January and was 3.0% above
 the year-ago level. The overwhelming majority of the increase was due to higher energy
 prices, for both housing and transportation purposes. Compared with the year-ago level,
 energy prices were up 22.0% in February.



Michigan

- Michigan motor vehicle production increased 28.7% from December to January, with automobile production 35.2% higher and light truck production up 20.6%. Compared with the year-ago level, Michigan motor vehicle production increased 1.3%, with automobile production 4.7% lower and light truck production 11.1% higher.
- The **Michigan unemployment rate** was 6.2% in January, compared with the U.S. average of 5.7%. January marked the 26th consecutive month that the Michigan average has been above the U.S. average. The last time the Michigan unemployment rate was below the U.S. average was October 2000.
- Tax revenue from Michigan's 12 major taxes totaled \$1,895.5 million in January and was 1.2% below revenues in January 2002. Including January's receipts, fiscal year-to-date revenues were 1.8% below last year's total. The decline in January revenues is attributable to lower single business tax and sales tax receipts that were not completely offset by increased income tax withholding, State education property tax, and real estate transfer tax receipts.

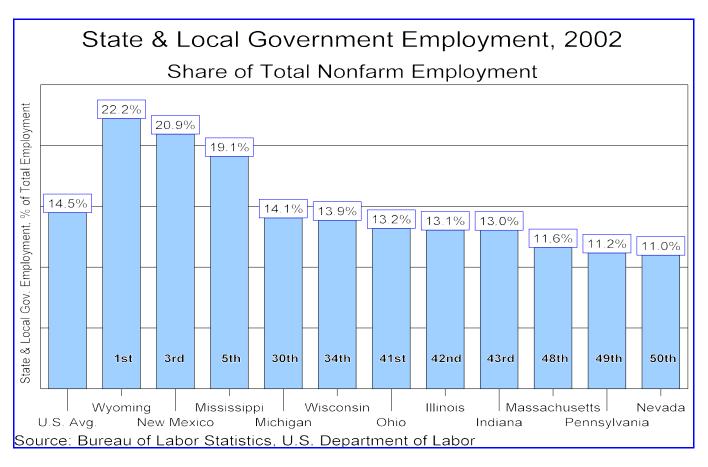


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JANUARY 2003



	(S	<u>easonally A</u>	<mark>djusted, T</mark> h	ousands)			
	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Change From Feb.		Change From Year A	
U.S.	2003	2003	2002	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Labor Force	145,793	145,857	144,367	(64)	(0.0)%	1,426	1.0%
Employment	137,348	137,408	136,143	(60)	(0.0)	1,205	0.9
Unemployment	8,445	8,450	8,224	(5)	(0.1)	221	2.7
Unemployment Rate	5.8%	5.8%	5.7%	_	_	_	_
	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.	Change F	rom Dec.	Change Fro	m Year Ag
Michigan	2003	2002	2002	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Labor Force	5,103	4,941	5,070	162	3.3%	33	0.7%
Employment	4,786	4,634	4,755	152	3.3	31	0.7
Unemployment	317	307	315	10	3.3	2	0.5
Unemployment Rate	6.2%	6.2%	6.2%	_	_		_





	Jan. Dec. Jan. Change from Dec.				Change from	Change from Yr Ago		
-	2003*	2002	2002	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
otal Nonagricultural Jobs	4,446	4,451	4,477	(5)	(0)%	(31)	(1)%	
Goods Producing Industries	963	960	977	3	0	(14)	(1)	
Natural Resources & Mining	7	8	9	(1)	(9)	(1)	(15)	
Construction	203	200	206	4	2	(3)	(1)	
Manufacturing	752	753	762	(0)	(0)	(10)	(1)	
Service Producing Industries	3,483	3,491	3,500	(8)	(0)	(18)	(1)	
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	829	836	838	(7)	(1)	(8)	(1)	
Information	75	74	76	ì	ì	(1)	(2)	
Financial Activities	213	215	213	(2)	(1)	(0)	(0)	
Professional & Business Services	575	580	592	(4)	(1)	(17)	(3)	
Education & Health Services	538	536	524	1	0	14	3	
Leisure & Hospitality Services	388	382	393	6	2	(5)	(1)	
Other Services	176	177	174	(1)	(1)	2	1	
Government	688	691	689	(3)	(0)	(1)	(0)	

	Avera	ige Weekly H	<u>lours</u>	Average Weekly Earnings			
1.1.4.	Dec.	Year	Percent	Dec.	Year	Percent	
Industry	2002	Ago	Change	2002	Ago	Change	
Natural Resources, Mining & Construction	37.9	38.3	(1.0)%	\$843.65	\$818.09	3.1%	
Manufacturing	43.0	42.2	1.9	902.57	842.31	7.2	
Durable Goods	44.0	42.9	2.6	986.04	912.48	8.1	
Motor Vehicle Manufacturing	43.7	44.0	(0.7)	1,300.08	1,245.64	4.4	
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	46.0	43.2	6.5	1,194.16	1,056.67	13.0	
Nondurable Goods	39.1	39.5	(1.0)	560.30	549.84	1.9	
Wholesale Trade	35.8	37.3	(4.0)	671.61	693.03	(3.1)	
Retail Trade	28.0	28.0	0.0	305.48	313.60	(2.6)	
General Merchandise Stores	26.7	26.1	2.3	267.53	261.00	2.5	
Grocery Stores	24.9	25.4	(2.0)	233.81	230.89	1.3	
Information	32.5	32.8	(0.9)	520.00	501.18	3.8	
Financial Activities	37.1	35.3	5.1	557.24	539.74	3.2	
Professional & Business Services	32.7	33.8	(3.3)	548.71	545.19	0.6	
Health Care & Social Assistance	33.8	33.1	2.1	546.55	527.61	3.6	
Leisure & Hospitality	21.4	21.4	0.0	171.63	166.06	3.4	
Auto. Repair & Maintenance	36.2	37.2	(2.7)	545.17	526.01	3.6	
Personal & Laundry Services	24.9	25.2	(1.2)	318.97	362.63	(12.0)	

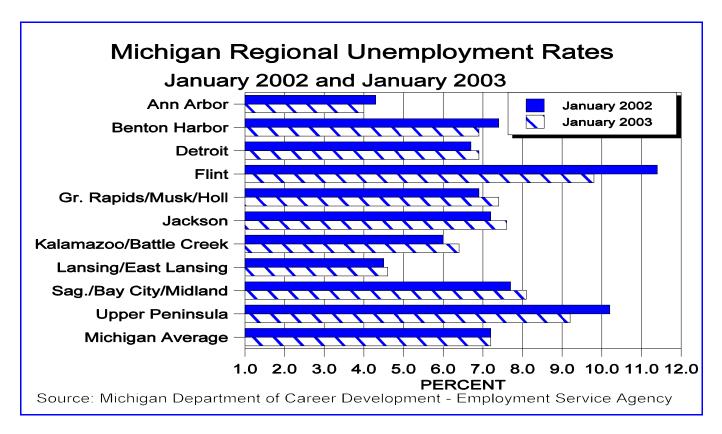


* Preliminary

MICHIGAN UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY SELECTED METROPOLITAN AREAS AND MULTI-COUNTY AREAS (Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variations)

	Jan. 2003*	Dec. 2002	Nov. 2002	Jan. 2002
Metropolitan Statistical Areas				
Ann Arbor	4.0%	3.2%	NA	4.3%
Benton Harbor	6.9	5.6	NA	7.4
Detroit	6.9	5.7	NA	6.7
Flint	9.8	7.7	NA	11.4
Grand Rapids	7.4	6.1	NA	6.9
Jackson	7.6	6.3	NA	7.2
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	6.4	5.2	NA	6.0
Lansing-East Lansing	4.6	3.8	NA	4.5
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	8.1	6.2	NA	7.7
Multi-County Areas				
Northeast Lower Michigan	12.7	9.7	NA	13.5
Northwest Lower Michigan	9.0	7.1	NA	9.2
Upper Peninsula	9.2	7.1	NA	10.2
Michigan Statewide Average				
Unadjusted (comparable to figures shown above)	7.2%	5.8%	5.6%	7.2%

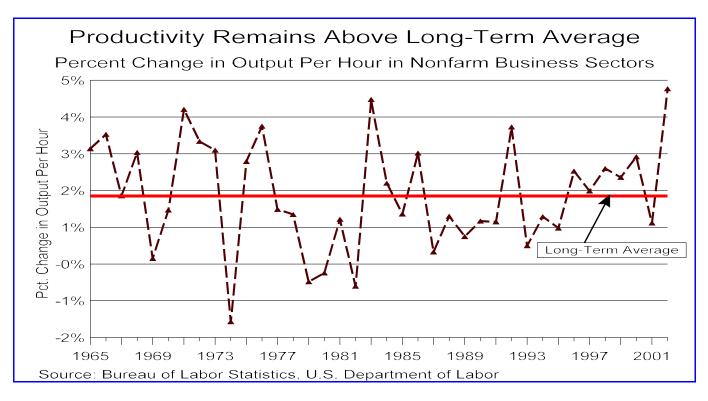
Source: Michigan Department of Career Development - Employment Service Agency





MOTOR VEHICLE SALES AND PRODUCTION STATISTICS (Thousands of Units)								
		`		,		Percent Change From:		
	Feb. 2003	Jan. 2003	Dec. 2002	Nov. 2002	Year Ago Feb.	Feb./Jan.	Feb. 2003/ Feb. 2002	
Motor Vehicle Sales ^{1,2)}					•			
Autos	7,333	8,144	8,416	7,891	7,901	(10.0)%	(7.2)%	
Domestics	5,177	5,898	6,148	5,587	5,665	(12.2)	(8.6)	
Imports	2,156	2,246	2,268	2,304	2,236	(4.0)	(3.6)	
Import Share	29.4%	27.6%	26.9%	29.2%	28.3%			
Light Trucks	8,013	7,951	9,790	8,047	8,625	0.8	(7.1)	
Domestics	6,891	6,858	8,655	6,973	7,596	0.5	(9.3)	
Imports	1,122	1,093	1,135	1,074	1,029	2.7	9.0	
Import Share	14.0%	13.7%	11.6%	13.3%	11.9%			
Heavy Trucks	384	370	386	421	376	3.8	2.1	
Total	15,730	16,465	18,592	16,359	16,902	(4.5)	(6.9)	
U.S. Motor Vehicle Production ^{1,2)}								
Autos	4,534	5,300	4,398	4,600	5,417	(14.5)	(16.3)	
Michigan Motor Vehicle Production ^{2,3})							
Autos	1,459	1,874	1,386	1,520	1,896	(22.2)	(23.0)	
Trucks	1,184	1,344	1,114	1,134	872	(11.9)	35.8	
Total	2,643	3,219	2,501	2,655	2,767	(17.9)	(4.5)	
Michigan Production as % of U.S.	22.5%	23.6%	22.7%	22.7%	23.8%			
U.S. Motor Vehicle Inventories ⁴⁾								
Total Car	1,829	1,756	1,654	1,694	1,549	4.2	18.1	
Days Supply	73	78	64	75	58	(6.4)	25.9	
Total Truck	2,116	1,986	1,812	1,977	1,662	6.6	27.3	
Days Supply	82	94	56	83	60	(12.8)	36.7	

Sources: 1) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. 2) SAAR = Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates. 3) Michigan Department of Treasury, Office of Revenue and Tax Analysis and the Senate Fiscal Agency. 4) Automotive News, Crain Communications, Inc. (ending inventory)





OTHE	R KEY ECON	NOMIC INDI	CATORS				
	Actual Data				Percent Change From:		
Variable	Latest Period	Latest Period	Previous Period	Year Ago	Previous Period*	Year Ago	
Weekly Leading Index, monthly1) (1992=100)	Feb.	118.8	119.9	119.3	(0.9)%	(0.4)%	
Coincident Index ¹⁾ (1992=100)	Feb.	137.5	137.6	135.5	(0.1)	1.5	
Housing Starts, U.S. ²⁾ (thousands of units, SAAR)	Feb.	1,622	1,822	1,788	(11.0)	(9.3)	
Retail Sales, U.S. ²⁾ (billions, seasonally adjusted)	Feb.	\$275.1	\$279.9	\$268.3	(1.7)	2.5	
Industrial Production Index3 (1992=100) (seasonally adjusted)	Feb.	111.1	111.0	109.2	0.1	1.8	
Capacity Utilization ³⁾ (% of total capacity, seasonally adjusted)	Feb.	75.6	75.6	75.1	0.0	0.6	
Consumer Price Index 4 (1982-84=100)							
U.S. (seasonally adjusted)	Feb.	183.3	182.2	177.9	7.5	3.0	
Detroit (not seasonally adjusted)	Feb.	182.4	179.7	176.2	9.4	3.5	
Interest Rates							
3-month Treasury Bill ³⁾	Feb.	1.16%	1.17%	1.73%			
Corporate Aaa Bonds3)	Feb.	5.95%	6.17%	6.51%			
Real Gross Domestic Product ⁵⁾	2002						
(billions of 1996 \$, SAAR, chain-weighted)	4th Qtr.	\$9,518.2	\$9,485.6	\$9,248.8	1.4	2.9	
Michigan Tax Collections ⁶⁾	Jan. 2003	\$1,895.5	\$1,570.0	\$1,917.6	NM	(1.2)	
(12 major taxes, millions)							

SAAR = Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates. NM = Not Meaningful.

Revenue data vary greatly from month-to-month due to timing and other noneconomic factors.

*Note: Percent changes from previous period for CPI and GDP at annual rate.

Sources: 1) Economic Cycle Research Institute 2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census 3) Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System 4) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics 5) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis 6) Michigan Department of Treasury and the Senate Fiscal Agency.

